

WHAT IS IT YOU WANT?

No matter what it may be, you can get it by Advertising in The Herald.

TWENTY-SIXTH YEAR.

KENTUCKY IS REPUBLICAN

McKinley Gets Twelve Out of the Thirty Electoral Votes.

LATEST ALLEGED OFFICIAL FIGURES

Four Years Ago Cleveland Had 40,000 Plurality.

Republicans Endeavoring to Make the Newspapers Responsible for the Jumbling of Figures, Which Have Been So Exaggerating During the Last Few Days—McKinley's Plurality, 450.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 7.—McKinley has certainly got 12 of Kentucky's 12 electoral votes.

The official count by the county canvassing boards was completed last afternoon, but the returns are slow in coming in, and at this hour, 5 o'clock, it is impossible to give the total vote with any degree of accuracy.

The totals of the official count in this (Jefferson) county have not been announced, but McKinley gained about 120 votes on his plurality of 12,315.

The last edition of the Evening Times estimates McKinley's plurality at 445. The Post's estimate is 450.

The official count in most every county heard from shows that Kist, the first Republican candidate, has been elected, and that the second, the Democratic candidate, has been elected.

At 5 o'clock the following bulletin was issued from Republican headquarters:

"Kentucky has gone Republican for the first time in its history in a presidential year. Official returns from all counties and reliable unofficial returns from the other eleven counties show that McKinley has a plurality of 450 over Cleveland.

"Our silver friends made a great ado over the Republican gain in the Jefferson district, but there is nothing remarkable in a gain of 2,000 Democratic plurality in a single county in the first district. They also affect surprise that the Republican state committee has been elected in the Jefferson district by a vote of 12,315 to 12,315.

"These errors which the newspapers made are a great deal in each succeeding issue were their own and not ours and should have been corrected by the McKinley committee, who have been so busy with their own party's interests that they have not had time to do so.

"At 5 o'clock on the morning after the election, we received the result, which was very close and which every county chairman who could be reached to rush to the polls to see the result, would have been able to give you the result of the election. On the strength of these messages, I received a bulletin from the Republican headquarters, which was published in all the Louisville papers, saying that the Republican state committee had been elected in the Jefferson district by a vote of 12,315 to 12,315.

"This bulletin was based on actual unofficial figures from every county but five and was based on the last Wednesday night until today in spite of errors of newspaper correspondents, and the surprising fact of the Republican gain in the Jefferson district is based on estimates rather than upon election returns. This committee has had nothing to do with the jumbling of figures and the big gains and losses they have been finding in unofficial returns from the last Wednesday night until today in spite of errors of newspaper correspondents, and the surprising fact of the Republican gain in the Jefferson district is based on estimates rather than upon election returns.

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votes are still to be heard from in Big Horn county.

ELECTION ECHOES.

WINSTON, N. C., Nov. 7.—It is stated that Congressman Settle (Rep.) of the Fifth district has decided to contest the election of W. W. Kitchen (Dem.). The returns give the latter a majority of 400. Settle claims there were irregularities.

IN IOWA.

Governor Drake Issues a Call for an Extra Session of the Legislature—Manufacture of Liquor May Be Authorized.

DES MOINES, Ia., Nov. 7.—Governor Drake today issued a call for an extra session of the legislature. It will begin Jan. 19 and will probably last 50 days. The object is to complete the revision of the state code, which was begun at the regular session last winter. When the time for the regular session expires the code work was about a third complete and the legislature passed a concurrent resolution asking the governor to call a special session to complete the code.

The governor's call for an extra session is a surprise, as it has been a long time since he has called a special session. It is understood a new effort will be made to secure the passage of a law to legalize the manufacture of liquor. The same bill was defeated at the regular session, but since election new interest has been taken.

MCKINLEY'S CABINET.

A Forecast Concerning Probable Selections Among the Major—Thurston Among the Plum Pullers.

WHEELING, W. Va., Nov. 7.—The following concerning McKinley's cabinet will be printed in the News (Ind.) tomorrow:

"In this state the south is given recognition by the award of two places, while the sound money Democrats are given one. It is stated that Cornelius N. Bliss of New York will not be the secretary of the treasury, as has been announced, because the position is a political one and he is a Republican. Mr. Bliss, on the other hand, is a Democrat and is a member of the navy if he is willing to take it.

"John Sherman, it is stated, will be secretary of state, if he will take the job. While Sherman's chief fame lies in his ability as a financier, yet his work on the foreign relations committee of the senate has given him a reputation as a diplomat quite as valuable as that of financier.

"As to the treasury, Henry C. Payne of Wisconsin, one of Hanna's favorites, is a business man par excellence, and it is expected would make a splendid man for the place. The attorney-generalship will be the place given to the sound money Democrat. Almost every utterance coming from Major McKinley since his election has contained some kind of words for the 'sound money' Democrats, who sided in his election with him.

"The secretaryship of agriculture has not been placed. It will likely go to some good western man like Thurston, who was most active in McKinley's campaign."

FOREIGN FACTS.

ROME, Nov. 7.—The chamber of deputies has been summoned to assemble on Dec. 23.

MOSCOW, Nov. 7.—At 7 o'clock yesterday evening Sovietnik-Lasker won the first round of the chess match in this city. Lasker won a guinea piano after 45 moves.

SOUTHAMPTON, Nov. 7.—The American steamer New York, which was to have sailed for New York today, will be detained here until Monday for the purpose of having a new shaft fitted.

MADRID, Nov. 7.—The latest advices received from Manila, P. I., state that the celebrated French theologian and preacher and member of the chamber of deputies for the arrondissement of Brest, the department of Finistère, died today.

LONDON, Nov. 7.—Lady Scott, mother-in-law of Earl Russell, and two young men, Kist and Conkerton, who were jointly indicted with Lady Scott for having criminally libeled Lord Russell, have filed a plea of justification of the libels, which they are accused of uttering. The trial of Lady Scott and the two men will come off on Thursday next.

HONOLULU, Oct. 31.—A movement is started, which is meeting with general favor, to introduce Armenians as laborers on the sugar plantations. Mr. L. A. Thurston believed that they can be transported at low rates by the large Russian fleet now carrying railway supplies and Russian peasants to Vladivostok. The Armenians could be transferred at Japan to steamers running to Honolulu. It is believed that they will make a very desirable class of citizens.

A LILELY DAY FOR MCKINLEY

Several Delegations, Large and Small, Call and Say, "Howdyedo!"

SHAKES HANDS WITH EACH AND EVERY ONE

Canton Turned Over to Merry-Makers Last Evening.

Hastings of Pennsylvania Believes a Divine Hand Must Have Guided Every Action Taken by the Republican Candidate—Wannamaker Very Much Pleased Over the Result—Carnegie Brims Over with Joy—Many Other Letters Pile In.

CANTON, O., Nov. 7.—This has been a lively Saturday for Major McKinley.

He has received half a dozen small delegations and the parades and a hundred people, and shaken hands with a thousand, but made no speeches.

The day closed with a jollification. For three hours the city was given over to noise, parades and fireworks. The illumination was general along the lines of the city, and the parade was witnessed by Major McKinley as it passed his house; 5,000 people from Alliance, Massillon, Canton and other places, and the northern part of Ohio participated.

Major McKinley decided today to remain in Canton until Thursday next. He came to the decision at the suggestion of Mrs. McKinley, who considered today it would not be advisable for her to travel before the middle of the week.

The big delegation of the day was composed of employees of the New Philadelphia Iron and Steel company of New Philadelphia, O. The men called at the McKinley residence at 3 o'clock this afternoon, and the women called at the residence of Mrs. McKinley at 4 o'clock.

Major McKinley thanked his visitors for their call, and shook each by the hand.

LETTERS PILE IN.

Upwards of a hundred letters congratulating Major McKinley upon his patriotic utterances in his recent telegram to Mr. Hanna have been received today. About one-half of the messages were from the south.

The following letters of congratulations were received by Major McKinley:

Daniel H. Hastings, governor of Pennsylvania, Harrisburg.—The most satisfactory thing that has happened in the campaign is that you made not a single mistake. You met every question fairly, bravely and most ably. Now for the hard work of a divine hand guiding your every footstep.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 7.—The big delegation of the day was composed of employees of the New Philadelphia Iron and Steel company of New Philadelphia, O. The men called at the McKinley residence at 3 o'clock this afternoon, and the women called at the residence of Mrs. McKinley at 4 o'clock.

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ing altogether 5,000 men who will be put to work who have been out of employment.

MRS. CASTLE'S CASE.

Her Imprisonment Looked Upon as a Degradation of Justice.

LONDON, Nov. 7.—The Globe, commenting upon the result of the Castle trial, says:

"We hope that Sir Matthew White Ridley will not delay in releasing Mrs. Castle. It is a degradation of justice to punish this unhappy victim of a serious mental disease."

The mental and physical condition of Mrs. Castle continues the same as when she was first removed to the hospital in Wormwood Scrubs prison. She is a better man, and she is able to be any worse. The prison physicians are of the opinion that prolonged confinement would greatly lessen what chances she may have of permanent recovery.

A FRENCH DUEL.

LONDON, Nov. 7.—A dispatch to the Central News from Buda Pest says that Francis Kossuth, son of the late Louis Kossuth, the Hungarian patriot, and Gabriel Ligorai, a leading politician and formerly leader of the opposition, fought a duel near this city today. The weapons used were sabres.

Kossuth received a serious wound in the chest. The dispatch also says that a reconciliation was effected between the combatants before they left the field.

Another dispatch says that Kossuth received a severe cut on the right arm.

CARLISLE SCORED.

JUDGE FLEMING FOURS HOT SHOT AT THE SECRETARY.

Fleming Calls the Attention of Carlisle to a Few Matters Which He Deems Inconsistent with a Great Office.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—Judge W. B. Fleming, who was removed from the position as chief of the law and record division of the supervising architect's office, treasury department on Wednesday last, today sent the following letter to Secretary Carlisle:

"Sir—Our government guarantees to all its citizens the privilege of free speech, so that every American has the right of expressing his views in a proper manner his political opinions. In accepting office, the citizen forfeits his right to civil or his right to liberty. The civil service law, intended to protect the rights of the citizen, should at least be as secure in defending the credit and honor of the government as it is in protecting the rights of the citizen."

"I object on your part to my activity in the campaign which has just closed was ever made known to me, pending the campaign. I held to the view that you could not possibly remove any man from office for exercising the same rights which you yourself were exercising. My removal from office, the first intimation of which was received from the newspapers while on the train on my return to Washington from my home in the country, was a surprise to me. No one knows better than I the long friendship I had with you, and the sacrifices of time and of money made by me in promoting the cause of the Republican party. It seems to me that I was at least entitled to some warning and notice before being removed from office. I feel, therefore, that you have used your great office to suppress freedom of thought and action and to punish those who differ from you. It is a thing unsupportable in free government by terrorizing over the weak and by the use of public force to enforce the will of a public trust, you cannot but be held accountable to the people for such an action as well as by the verdict of history."

In conclusion, I can only say that I have been a faithful and efficient discharged employee of the trade, discharged for doing my duty as I see it. I have not been a party to any of the misdeeds of the administration, and I have not been a party to any of the misdeeds of the administration, and I have not been a party to any of the misdeeds of the administration."

"This much of a protest I deem it my duty to make. I am, Sir, your obedient servant, W. B. FLEMING."

BOILER EXPLOSION.

Three Men Lose Their Lives in the Centralia Colliery.

Shanokin, Pa., Nov. 7.—Three men lost their lives by a boiler explosion at the Centralia Colliery this morning and a fourth is fatally injured. Four boilers out of a group of sixteen exploded and all the others were dismantled, resulting in a loss of \$10,000.

Andrew Monchok was instantly killed; Joseph Monchok was instantly killed; John Southey and Joseph Kubick died of their injuries and Matthew Leshar cannot live. Joseph Monchok was blown 75 feet and Leshar landed but a few yards behind them. The remainder of the men lay in what remained of the boiler house, which was close to the breaker, was fairly riddled with brick and mortar. A fragment of iron penetrated a house, knocking a bed post off a couch on which two children were sleeping. A cow was also passing the Ash bank near the boiler house had narrow escapes, some being blown scores of feet and sustaining slight injuries.

REPUBLICANS, 212; "Sound money" Democrats, 2; Democrats, 120; silver Republicans, Populists and fusionists, 23. Total—357.

IRON MINES TO OPEN.

Rockefellers Will Put 5,000 Men to Work in a Short Time.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 7.—Frank Rockefeller has gone to the Lake Superior iron mining district to arrange for an immediate resumption of work in all departments of his extensive mining interests there. Among the iron mines which, beginning within a few days, will be operated full force and full time are the Franklin Bessemer No. 1, Bessemer No. 2 and Victoria on the Mesma range; the Zenith on the Vermilion range, and the Atlantic and Pence on the Geogic range.

All of the mines were closed down in July and August, owing to the stagnation of the iron market, and the resumption of their operation will give immediate and steady employment to over 1,500 men. It is also expected that within the next few days orders will be given for a resumption of work at all the mines owned by Mr. John D. Rockefeller, and which give employment to even a greater number of men than those owned by his brother, Mack.

BLAKELY IS DEAD.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—David Blakely, manager of Sousa's band, died suddenly this afternoon in the Carnegie building, Fifty-seventh street and Fifth avenue, of a heart attack. He was 40 years of age, and at about 4 o'clock his typewriter went on an errand. When he returned he found Mr. Blakely lying on his face on the floor of the office. A physician was hastily summoned, and when he arrived pronounced Mr. Blakely dead, probably from a stroke of apoplexy.

RIG BOSTON BLAZE.

BOSTON, Nov. 7.—The large four-story works of the Boston Bridge company on Sixth street, Cambridge, were totally burned tonight, causing a blaze of lighted up the sky for miles around and a loss of \$100,000. The cause of the fire is unknown.

BUTLER TO THE PEOPLE

His View of the Remarkable Campaign Just Brought to a Close.

WHY MR. BRYAN SUFFERED DEFEAT

There Was Much Prejudice Against Cleveland Democracy.

Administration of McKinley Will Be One of Great Promises and Very Little Performances—There Is No Way on Earth by Which It Can Bring Prosperity to the American People—People's Party in 1900 Will Be the Nucleus Around Which the Patriots Must Gather.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—Chairman Butler of the Populist national committee has issued the following:

"To the People of the United States:

"In the remarkable campaign just closed the People's party was the only party that supported solidly and unitedly the great and vital issues represented in the candidacy of Mr. Bryan.

This was natural, for the People's party came into existence to bring to the front and press to victory the principles of Lincoln and Jefferson, already long discarded by the two old parties. The money power, feeling reasonably sure of its control and domination over the leaders of the Republican party in 1892, gave its support to the candidacy of Grover Cleveland for the special purpose of having him, through the use of patronage and otherwise, crush out the silver sentiment in the south and make the leaders of that party as completely subservient as those in the Republican party. To accomplish this purpose the cabinet ministers were selected from the south and an unusually large amount of patronage was put on political leaders to the same end. It will be remembered that Mr. Cleveland demanded that the Democratic senators and congressmen give a decisive victory in the interest of the gold standard, before he would give out the post offices. The deep-laid plan never had succeeded had not the People's party at this juncture sprung into existence and exposed the plot, stood in the breach and appealed to patriotic sentiment to check the scheme of the people's despisers and rally to the common defense. The People's party forced the Democratic organization to repudiate Clevelandism and return to correct fundamental principles. Not only this, the People's party then forced the Republican party to cease hedging and straddling for the purpose of deceiving the people, and demanded that they take a stand on one side of the vital issue at stake. Now being squarely joined it was evident those influences in the Democratic party who had dominated and debauched the party for a quarter of a century would be driven to support the party that took position on the side of trusts, monopolies and big game, and that the other hand, it is evident that large percentages of the Republican party favored the principles now squarely forced to the front, only a small per cent in this country supporting the Democratic banner."

CONFIDENCE.

"Had it not been for the prejudice against the Democratic name, as well as the influence of the gold standard, for which the people must be admitted that the past experience furnishes ample ground, the majority of the voters of the country, in spite of the treacherous and unscrupulous forces put forward by the Republican managers, would have cast their votes for financial reform and independence. A party with high patriotism and unselfish devotion to principle, greater than ever before exhibited by any other party, stepped outside of its organization to throw its two million votes solidly for Bryan. Had not more than a hundred thousand called themselves Democrats in 1892 given their support to Mr. McKinley, the cause of the people and American principles would have triumphed this year. This year the people have shown a class of Democrats will surely support the party of monopolies in the future. Their places in the ranks of reform would be taken by the patriotic Republicans. In fact, Bryan would have been elected in this contest had even 25,000 silver Republicans come to the rescue. The election of McKinley and the triumph of the gold standard are a disgrace to the people and a disgrace to the people. The majority oppose the policy for which he stands and will so vote whenever an opportunity is presented for proper alignment. The remarkable and brilliant campaign of William J. Bryan would have aligned these forces and marched them to triumph. Victory if any candidate or leader in America could have done so under a Democratic banner."

CANNOT DO IT.

"The administration of McKinley cannot bring prosperity to the American people. The people cannot be kept open, idle labor, living employment and general prosperity restored and maintained until the wealth producers receive fair returns for their labor and are thus enabled to purchase gold standard and monopoly rule, the continuation of which Mr. McKinley stands pledged, means four more years of falling prices, four more years of lockouts and strikes, four more years of reduced wages and idle labor. This will cause the patriotic rank and file of the Republican party to condemn and repudiate McKinleyism as the patriotic rank and file of the Democratic party has condemned and repudiated Clevelandism."

"I cannot believe otherwise, for I have not less confidence in the patriotism of this class of Republicans than the rank and file of the Democratic party has already demonstrated. Therefore a large per cent, who though not fooled by ambiguous pleas of honest money and promised prosperity, yet who would not in this campaign fight under the Democratic banner will be hands with the majority of the American voters outside the old parties and overthrow the government of trusts and monopolies run in the interest of foreign capitalists. The People's party has made this possible; in

fact invincible. The position of the People's party in this great contest has convinced every patriotic American that the party can be trusted to stand for the principles of good government and the interests of the people under any and all circumstances.

"Therefore the People's party in 1890 will be the nucleus around which the patriotic hosts must and will gather to redeem the betrayed republic and restore prosperity to the oppressed and outraged people."

Signed, MARION BUTLER, Chairman of the People's "Party National Committee."

THRILLING EXPERIENCE.

Miraculous Escape of Eighty Miners from Drowning in a Coal Mine.

SHENANDOAH, Pa., Nov. 7.—Eighty miners had a thrilling experience and miraculous escape from drowning in Packer No. 2 colliery today. The recent rains had caused the flood of water to rise. A dam was built in No. 1 west gangway to head off the flood, and give the pumps a better chance to catch up.

Edward Wilson, a miner employed in No. 4 gangway, noticed the water rapidly rising in this place and investigation showed that the breastwork in No. 1 was breaking. Wilson immediately gave the alarm inside, but the water rose with such rapidity that the miners were obliged to wade several hundred feet through water up to their necks, and before they reached the bottom of the slope were frequently obliged to swim. One of the men lost his head, bearing the miner's lamp and was left behind in the darkness. Three miners, after heroic efforts, returned and found the missing man floundering about in deep water and so much exhausted that he was hardly able to stand. The rescue was a miracle. The miners were all saved, however, in getting him out. No one was injured.

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Prince Louis made a speech, in which he alluded to the greatness of the United States and of the enterprise and patriotism of the American people. He then expressed the desire and sentiments of the people. The majority oppose the policy for which he stands and will so vote whenever an opportunity is presented for proper alignment. The remarkable and brilliant campaign of William J. Bryan would have aligned these forces and marched them to triumph. Victory if any candidate or leader in America could have done so under a Democratic banner."

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 7.—Troop A of the Ohio state militia, which is training at the Ohio National Guard camp, broke two world's records. The troop covered 20 miles in 20-25 seconds, a record better than the world's record made by himself at Travis Island, N. Y., Sept. 25, 1896. He also broke the world's record in 9-10 yards by sprinting the distance in 9-10 seconds, 1-5 second lower than the established time which is 9-15 seconds.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—At the field events at Georgetown university today, B. J. Weathers, the world's amateur champion sprinter, broke two world's records. He covered 20 yards in 20-25 seconds, a record better than the world's record made by himself at Travis Island, N. Y., Sept. 25, 1896. He also broke the world's record in 9-10 yards by sprinting the distance in 9-10 seconds, 1-5 second lower than the established time which is 9-15 seconds.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—Admiral Beardslee has transferred his flag temporarily to the Bennington at San Francisco, pending repairs to the Philadelphia. The cruiser came from Norfolk from the South Atlantic with the short-time men of the station. She will leave for the West Indies in a few days. The Raleigh returned to Key West today after a week's fruitless cruise for filibusters along the coast.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—Louis Ross, a restaurateur and one of the founders of the Hamburg-American line of steamers, died suddenly today from heart disease at the home of his son, Earl L. Ross, New York agent of the Hamburg-American line. The deceased arrived from Europe this morning on the steamer Phoenix, which was carrying 150 passengers. He appeared to be in the best of health and spirits and with the exception of a cold, was in fine fettle. He was a well-known figure in the city and was a member of the New York Yacht Club. He